Simple Steps to Child Passenger Safety DVD Basic Comprehension Test

INSTRUCTIONS: Read each question carefully. There is no pass or fail attempt. However, you will be given a brief description of the missed question by a CPS tech once completed. After completing this test, email this test to our WIHCC CPS tech.

RF

REA	R-FACING CAR SEATS						
1.	Keep your child rear-facing as long as possible, until they are at least year(s) old or until they have reached the maximum weight limit of their car seat.						
2.	When your child is rear-facing, the harness should be in the slots a) At or ABOVE your child's shoulders. b) At or BELOW your child's shoulders.						
3.	Rear-facing car seats should recline at a to degree angle (from the vehicle's seat back, straight up being zero degrees).						
4.	True or False: For a safer installation, use both the seatbelt, AND the lower anchors and lower strap (of the LATCH system) at the same time.						
5.	True or False: The chest clip should be placed at your child's armpit level while riding rear-facing AND while riding forward-facing.						
<u>FOR V</u>	WARD-FACING CAR SEATS						
6.	True or False: A 16-month old baby, weighing 24 pounds, should ride forward-facing.						
7.	7. When your child is forward-facing, the harness should be in the slots						
	a) At or ABOVE your child's shoulders b) At or BELOW your child's shoulders						
8.	A "tightly" installed car seat should move less than inch(es). Check for tightness at the seatbelt path.						
9.	Your seat belt locks at the retractor. To tightly install your child's safety seat: a) Buckle the seatbelt, then add a locking clip (to both the lap and shoulder belt) b) Just buckle the seat belt and tighten, nothing else is needed c) Buckle the seat belt and pull the shoulder belt all the way out to the end, then feed it back into the retractor until it is tight						

10.	Tighten	the harnes	s,				•			
	a) Until	you can fi	t a flat	hand	between	the	harness	and	your	child

- b) Until you can pinch one inch of slack
- c) Until it is snug, and you cannot pinch any slack

BOOSTER SEATS

11.	Your child should ride in a booster seat until they are about	feet	
	inches tall.		

- 12. If your vehicle's back seat is a bench seat (that is flat across the top), your child should use a:
 - a) Highback booster
 - b) Backless booster
 - c) Both (a) and (b) are safe
- 13. If your vehicle's back seat has a built-in head support, your child should use a:
 - a) Highback booster
 - b) Backless booster
 - c) Both (a) and (b) are safe
- 14. A booster seat can be used with
 - a) Only a lap belt
 - b) Only both the lap AND shoulder belt
 - c) (a) and (b) are safe
- 15. True or False: An 8-year old who is 4' 2" tall and weighs 65 pounds does not need a booster seat (and can ride with an adult seatbelt without a booster seat).

Please email completed test to any of the provided emails below.

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